

# **P23901**

## **128x3x128 Full Color 8bit Application Notes**

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**Revision History**

<b>Version</b>	<b>Content</b>
<b>X01</b>	<b>First release</b>

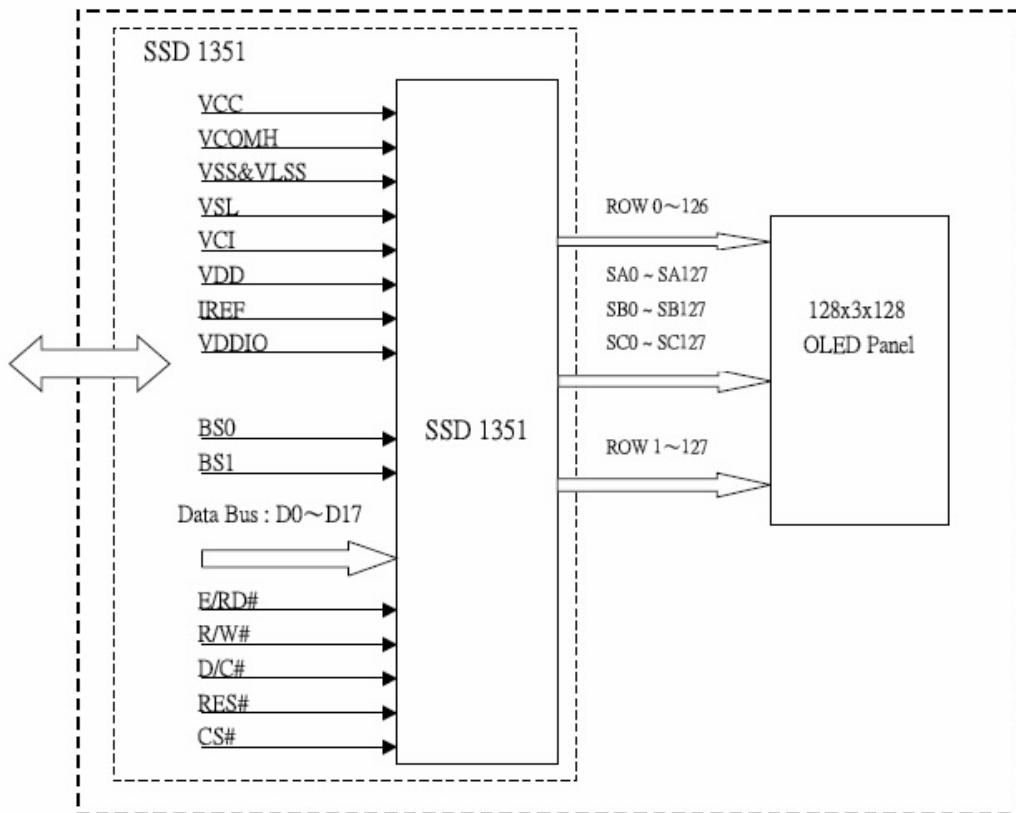
## DESCRIPTION

P23901 is a 128x3x128 full color passive OLED module with controller for many compact portable applications.

## FEATURE

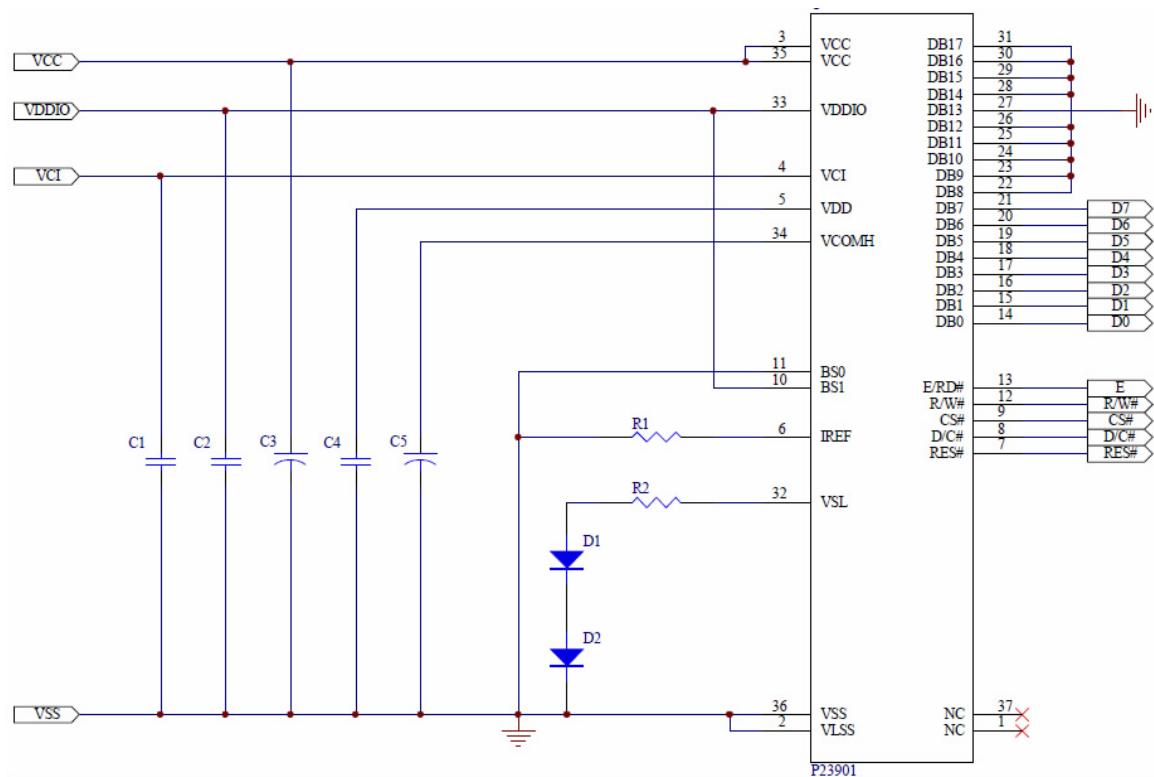
- 128x3x128 dot matrix full color OLED panel.
- Driver IC is SSD1351.
- VCC =16.5V
- VCI =2.4V~3.5V
- VDDIO =1.65V~ VCI
- Embedded 128x128x18 bit SRAM display buffer.
- 8/16/18 bits 6800-series parallel interface, 8/16/18 bits 8080-series parallel interface, Serial Peripheral Interface.
- Vertical and horizontal scrolling.
- Programmable color mode of 65k, 262k.
- Programmable Frame Rate and Multiplexing Ratio.

## FUNCTION BLOCK DIAGRAM



Ritdisplay 128x3x128 OLED Module

## Application circuit



### Recommend components:

C1, C2, C4: 1uF/16V(0805)

C3, C5: 4.7uF/35V (Tantalum type) or VISHAY (572D475X0025A2T)

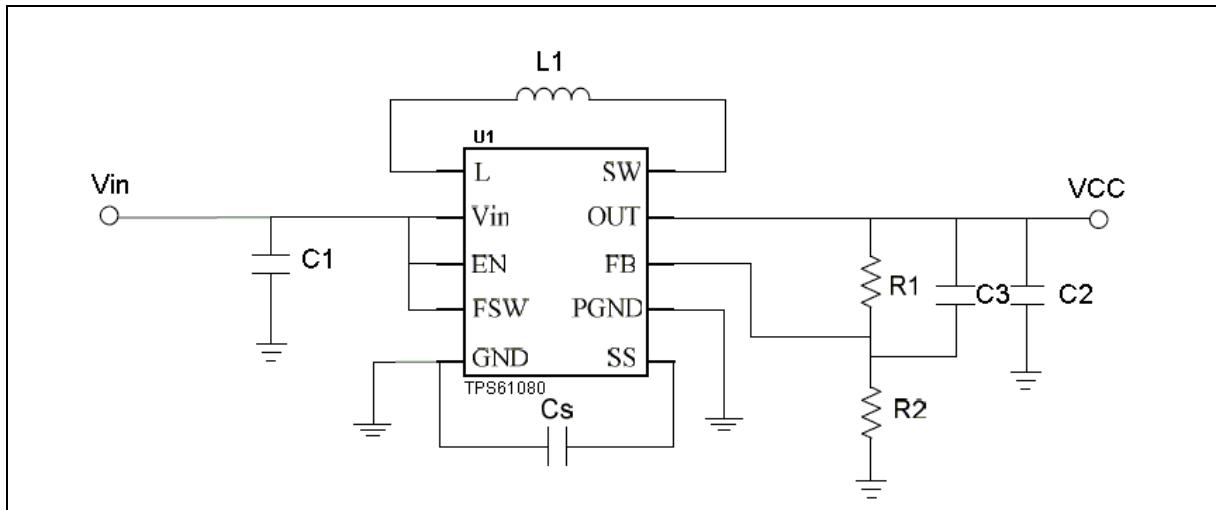
R1: 1M ohm 1%(0603)

R2: 50 ohm 1/4W

D1, D2: RB480K(ROHM)

This circuit is for 8080 8bits interface

## DC-DC application circuit for OLED module



### Recommended components

The C1: 4.7uF/6.3V.

The C2: 4.7 uF/35V Tantalum type capacitor.

The C3: 50pF/16V.

The Cs: 47nF/16V.

The R1: 1.2M ohm/ 1%.

The R2: 96K ohm/ 1%.

The L1: 4.7uH.

The U1: TPS61080

The R1, R2 and C3 value should be fine tune by customer.

## Pin Assignments

PIN NAME	PIN NO	DESCRIPTION
NC	1	No connection.
VLSS	2	Analog system ground pin
VCC	3	Power supply for panel driving voltage.
VCI	4	Digital voltage power supply.
VDD	5	Power supply pin for core logic operation.
IREF	6	A resistor should be connected between this pin and VSS.
RES#	7	Hardware Reset pin (Low active).
D/C#	8	H: Data, L: Command.
CS#	9	Chip select pin.
BS1	10	Interface select pin.
BS0	11	Interface select pin.
R/W#	12	8080: data write enable pin; 6800:Read/Write select pin.
E/RD#	13	8080: data read enable pin; 6800:Read/Write enable pin.
D0	14	
D1	15	
D2	16	
D3	17	
D4	18	
D5	19	
D6	20	
D7	21	
D8	22	
D9	23	
D10	24	
D11	25	
D12	26	
D13	27	
D14	28	
D15	29	
D16	30	
D17	31	
VSL	32	This is segment voltage reference pin.
VDDIO	33	Power supply for interface logic level.
VCOMH	34	COM signal deselected voltage level. A capacitor should be connected between this pin and VSS.
VCC	35	Power supply for panel driving voltage.
VSS	36	Ground.
NC	37	No connection.

## Application Initial Setting

```
/*128x3x128 OLED driver program */
void initial(void)
{
    comm_out(0xfd); //Set Command Lock
    data_out(0xb1); //Unlock OLED driver IC

    comm_out(0xae); //Display off

    comm_out(0xa0); //Set Re-map Color Depth
    data_out(0x74); //65K Color

    comm_out(0xa1); //Set Display Start Line
    data_out(0x00);

    comm_out(0xa2); //Set Display Offset
    data_out(0x00);

    comm_out(0xa6); //Normal display

    comm_out(0xab); //Function Selection
    data_out(0x01);

    comm_out(0xb1); //Set Reset (Phase 1) /Pre-charge (Phase 2) period
    data_out(0x53);

    comm_out(0xb3); //Set frame rate
    data_out(0x60);

    comm_out(0xb4); //External VSL
    data_out(0xa0);
    data_out(0xb5);
    data_out(0x55);

    comm_out(0xb9); //Use Built-in Linear LUT
    comm_out(0xbb); //Set Pre-charge voltage
    data_out(0x00);
```

```
comm_out(0xbe); //Set VCOMH
data_out(0x02);

comm_out(0xc1); //Set contrast level for R,G,B
data_out(0x70); //Red contrast set
data_out(0x71); //Green contrast set
data_out(0x94); //Blue contrast set

comm_out(0xc7); //Master current control
data_out(0x0b);

comm_out(0xca); //Set MUX Ratio
data_out(0x7f);

comm_out(0xaf); //Display on
}
```

```
write_red_data(void)
{
int i,j;
    ram _address( );
    comm_out(0x5c);
    for(i=0;i<128;i++)
    {
        for(j=0;j<128;j++)
        {
            data_out(0xf8);//Red
            data_out(0x00);
        }
    }
}

write_green_data(void)
{
int i,j;
    ram _address( );
    comm_out(0x5c);
    for(i=0;i<128;i++)
    {
        for(j=0;j<128;j++)
        {
            data_out(0x07);//Green
            data_out(0xe0);
        }
    }
}

write_blue_data(void)
{
int i,j;
    ram _address( );
    comm_out(0x5c);
    for(i=0;i<128;i++)
    {
        for(j=0;j<128;j++)
        {
            data_out(0x00);//Blue
            data_out(0x1f);
        }
    }
}
```

---

```
        }
    }
}

write_white_data(void)
{
int i,j;
    ram _address( );
    comm_out(0x5c);
    for(i=0;i<128;i++)
    {
        for(j=0;j<128;j++)
        {
            data_out(0xff); //White
            data_out(0xff);
        }
    }
}
ram _address(void);
{
    comm_out(0x15);
    data_out(0x00);      //column start address
    data_out(0x7f);      //column end address
    comm_out(0x75);
    data_out(0x00);      //row start address
    data_out(0x7f);      //row end address
}
```

For 90 cd/m<sup>2</sup> setting, user could follow the below setting.

```
Brightness_mode1 (void);  
{  
    comm_out((0xc7);      //Master current control  
    data_out(0x0b);  
    comm_out(0xc1);      //Set contrast level  
    data_out(0x70);      //Red contrast set  
    data_out(0x71);      //Green contrast set  
    data_out(0x94);      //Blue contrast set  
}
```

For 80 cd/m<sup>2</sup> setting, user could follow the below setting.

```
Brightness_mode2 (void);  
{  
    comm_out((0xc7);      //Master current control  
    data_out(0x0a);  
    comm_out(0xc1);      //Set contrast level  
    data_out(0x6c);      //Red contrast set  
    data_out(0x6c);      //Green contrast set  
    data_out(0x90);      //Blue contrast set  
}
```

For 70 cd/m<sup>2</sup> setting, user could follow the below setting.

```
Brightness_mode3 (void);  
{  
    comm_out((0xc7);      //Master current control  
    data_out(0x09);  
    comm_out(0xc1);      //Set contrast level  
    data_out(0x66);      //Red contrast set  
    data_out(0x6a);      //Green contrast set  
    data_out(0x89);      //Blue contrast set  
}
```

For 60 cd/m<sup>2</sup> setting, user could follow the below setting.

```
Brightness_mode4 (void);  
{  
    comm_out((0xc7);      //Master current control  
    data_out(0x08);  
    comm_out(0xc1);      //Set contrast level  
    data_out(0x64);      //Red contrast set  
    data_out(0x69);      //Green contrast set  
    data_out(0x85);      //Blue contrast set  
}
```

For 40 cd/m<sup>2</sup> setting, user could follow the below setting.

```
Brightness_mode5 (void);  
{  
    comm_out((0xc7);      //Master current control  
    data_out(0x06);  
    comm_out(0xc1);      //Set contrast level  
    data_out(0x5b);      //Red contrast set  
    data_out(0x60);      //Green contrast set  
    data_out(0x7c);      //Blue contrast set  
}
```

For 20 cd/m<sup>2</sup> setting, user could follow the below setting.

```
Brightness_mode6 (void);  
{  
    comm_out((0xc7);      //Master current control  
    data_out(0x04);  
    comm_out(0xc1);      //Set contrast level  
    data_out(0x4e);      //Red contrast set  
    data_out(0x53);      //Green contrast set  
    data_out(0x6e);      //Blue contrast set  
}
```

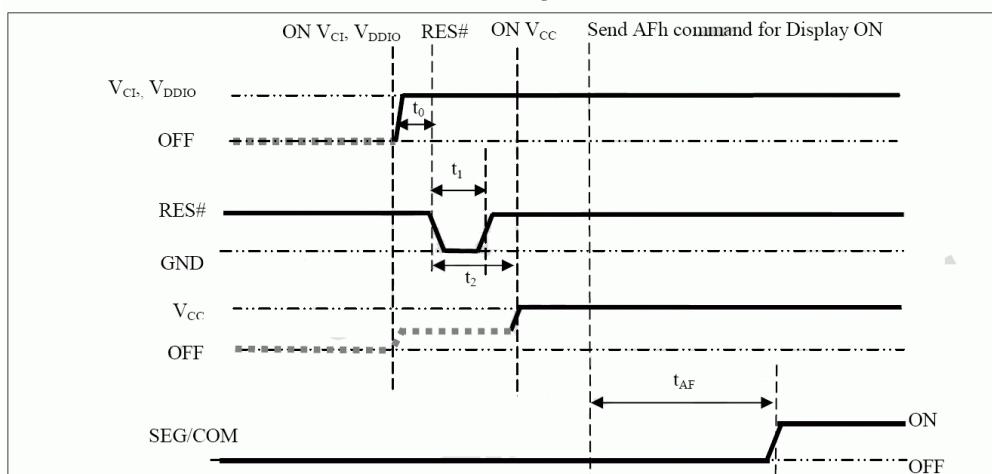
## Power ON / OFF Sequence

The following figures illustrate the recommended power ON and power OFF sequence of SSD1351 (assume  $V_{CI}$  and  $V_{DDIO}$  are at the same voltage level and internal  $V_{DD}$  is used).

### Power ON sequence:

1. Power ON  $V_{CI}$ ,  $V_{DDIO}$ .
2. After  $V_{CI}$ ,  $V_{DDIO}$  become stable, set wait time at least 1ms ( $t_0$ ) for internal  $V_{DD}$  become stable. Then set RES# pin LOW (logic low) for at least 2us ( $t_1$ )<sup>(4)</sup> and then HIGH (logic high).
3. After set RES# pin LOW (logic low), wait for at least 2us ( $t_2$ ). Then Power ON  $V_{CC}$ .<sup>(1)</sup>
4. After  $V_{CC}$  become stable, send command AFh for display ON. SEG/COM will be ON after 200ms( $t_{AF}$ ).

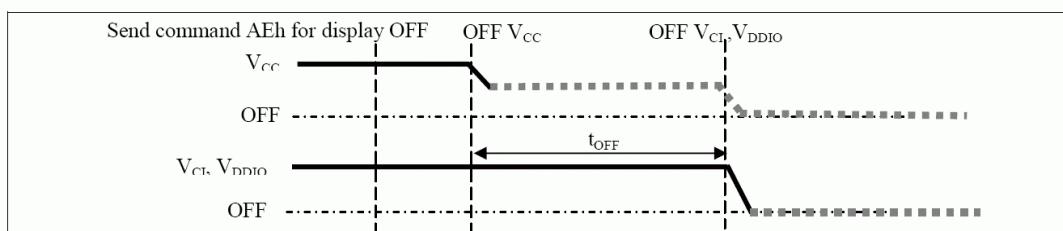
The Power ON sequence.



### Power OFF sequence:

1. Send command AEh for display OFF.
2. Power OFF  $V_{CC}$ .<sup>(1), (2)</sup>
3. Wait for  $t_{OFF}$ . Power OFF  $V_{CI}$ ,  $V_{DDIO}$ . (where Minimum  $t_{OFF}=80ms$ <sup>(3)</sup>, Typical  $t_{OFF}=100ms$ )

The Power OFF sequence



### Note:

- Since an ESD protection circuit is connected between  $V_{CI}$ ,  $V_{DDIO}$  and  $V_{CC}$ ,  $V_{CC}$  becomes lower than  $V_{CI}$  whenever  $V_{CI}$ ,  $V_{DDIO}$  is ON and  $V_{CC}$  is OFF as shown in the dotted line of  $V_{CC}$  in above figures.
- $V_{CC}$  should be kept float (disable) when it is OFF.
- $V_{CI}$ ,  $V_{DDIO}$  should not be Power OFF before  $V_{CC}$  Power OFF.
- The register values are reset after  $t_1$ .
- Power pins ( $V_{DD}$ ,  $V_{CC}$ ) can never be pulled to ground under any circumstance.



RITEK GROUP

**Ritdisplay Corporation**

## Graphic Display Data RAM Address Map

The GDDRAM is a bit mapped static RAM holding the pattern to be displayed.

The RAM size is 128 x 128 x 18bits. For mechanical flexibility, re-mapping on both Segment and Common outputs can be selected by software. Each pixel has 18-bit data. Each sub-pixels for color A, B and C have 6 bits. The arrangement of data pixel in graphic display data RAM is shown below.

**262k Color Depth Graphic Display Data RAM Structure**

Segment Address	Normal	0			1			2	.....	126	127		
	Remapped	127			126			125	.....	1	0		
Color	A	B	C	A	B	C	A	.....	C	A	B	C	
Data Format	A5	B5	C5	A5	B5	C5	A5	.....	C5	A5	B5	C5	
Common Address	A4	B4	C4	A4	B4	C4	A4	.....	C4	A4	B4	C4	
	A3	B3	C3	A3	B3	C3	A3	.....	C3	A3	B3	C3	
	A2	B2	C2	A2	B2	C2	A2	.....	C2	A2	B2	C2	
	A1	B1	C1	A1	B1	C1	A1	.....	C1	A1	B1	C1	
	A0	B0	C0	A0	B0	C0	A0	.....	C0	A0	B0	C0	
Normal	Remapped												
0	127	6	6	6	6	6	6	.....	6	6	6	6	
1	126	6	6	6	6	6	6	.....	6	6	6	6	
2	125	6	6	6	6	6	6	.....	6	6	6	6	
3	124	6	6	6	6	6	6	.....	6	6	6	6	
4	123	6	6	6	6	6	6	.....	6	6	6	6	
5	122	6	6	6	6	6	6	.....	6	6	6	6	
6	121	6	6	no of bits in this cell			6	6	.....	6	6	6	6
7	120							.....	6	6	6	6	
:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	.....	:	:	:	:	
:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	.....	:	:	:	:	
:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	.....	:	:	:	:	
123	4	6	6	6	6	6	6	.....	6	6	6	6	
124	3	6	6	6	6	6	6	.....	6	6	6	6	
125	2	6	6	6	6	6	6	.....	6	6	6	6	
126	1	6	6	6	6	6	6	.....	6	6	6	6	
127	0	6	6	6	6	6	6	.....	6	6	6	6	

Common output
COM0
COM1
COM2
COM3
COM4
COM5
COM6
COM7
:
COM124
COM125
COM126
COM127

SEGoutput	SA0	SB0	SC0	SA1	SB1	SC1	SA2	.....	.....	SC126	SA127	SB127	SC127
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**Thank You**

